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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

11 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
12 Plaintiff,
13 v.
14 SOFIA CISNEROS-NOYOLA,
15 Defendant.

CASE NO. 1:21-CR-00148-NONE-SKO
STIPULATION REGARDING EXCLUDABLE
TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT;
ORDER

17 **BACKGROUND**

18 This case is set for a Status Conference on November 16, 2022. On May 13, 2020, this Court
19 issued General Order 618, which suspends all jury trials in the Eastern District of California “until
20 further notice.” Under General Order 618, a judge “may exercise his or her authority to continue
21 matters, excluding time under the Speedy Trial Act with reference to the court’s prior General Order 611
22 issued on March 17, 2020, . . . with additional findings to support the exclusion in the Judge’s
23 discretion.” General Order 618, ¶ 6 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020). In addition, any judge “may order case-
24 by-case exceptions” to General Order 618’s provisions “at the discretion of that Judge or upon the
25 request of counsel, after consultation with counsel and the Clerk of the Court to the extent such an order
26 will impact court staff and operations.” General Order 618, ¶ 7 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020). This and
27 previous General Orders were entered to address public health concerns related to COVID-19.

28 Although the General Orders address the district-wide health concern, the Supreme Court has

1 emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act's end-of-justice provision "counteract[s] substantive
 2 openendedness with procedural strictness," "demand[ing] on-the-record findings" in a particular case.
 3 *Zedner v. United States*, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-record findings, there can be no
 4 exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). *Id.* at 507. Moreover, any such failure cannot be harmless. *Id.* at
 5 509; *see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez*, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a
 6 judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit findings on the record "either orally
 7 or in writing").

8 Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory
 9 and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, 617, and 618 require specific supplementation. Ends-of-
 10 justice continuances are excludable only if "the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his
 11 findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and
 12 the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable
 13 unless "the court sets forth, in the record of the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that
 14 the ends of justice served by the granting of such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public
 15 and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id.*

16 The General Orders exclude delay in the "ends of justice." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code
 17 T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address continuances stemming from pandemics,
 18 natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has discretion to order a continuance in such
 19 circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-week ends-of-justice continuance
 20 following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court
 21 recognized that the eruption created "appreciable difficulty" for the trial to proceed. *Id.* at 767-69; *see*
 22 *also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to exclude time
 23 following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency).

24 The coronavirus poses a similar, albeit more enduring, "appreciable difficulty" to the prompt
 25 proceedings mandated by the statutory rules. Recently, the Ninth Circuit enumerated a "non-
 26 exhaustive" list of seven factors it found to be "relevant" in considering ends-of-justice Speedy Trial Act
 27 continuances "in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic." *United States v. Olsen*, --- F.3d ---, 2021 WL
 28 1589359 at *7 (9th Cir. Apr. 23, 2021). That non-exhaustive list includes: (1) whether a defendant is

1 detained pending trial; (2) how long a defendant has been detained; (3) whether a defendant has invoked
2 speedy trial rights since the case's inception; (4) whether a defendant, if detained, belongs to a
3 population that is particularly susceptible to complications if infected with the virus; (5) the seriousness
4 of the charges a defendant faces, and in particular whether the defendant is accused of violent crimes;
5 (6) whether there is a reason to suspect recidivism if the charges against the defendant are dismissed;
6 and (7) whether the district court has the ability to safely conduct a trial. *Id.*

7 In light of the foregoing, this Court should consider the following case-specific facts in finding
8 excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-justice exception, § 3161(h)(7)
9 (Local Code T4). If continued, this Court should designate a status conference date of March 1, 2023.
10 *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any pretrial continuance must be
11 “specifically limited in time”).

12 STIPULATION

13 Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendant, by and
14 through defendant's counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

15 1. By previous order, this matter was set for Status Conference on November 16, 2022.

16 2. By this stipulation, defendant now moves to continue the case and set a status conference
17 on March 1, 2023, at 1:00 p.m., and to exclude time between November 16, 2022, and March 1, 2023, at
18 1:00 p.m., under 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4].

19 3. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:

20 a) The government has represented that the discovery associated with this case
21 includes over 11,000 pages of reports, wire intercepts, search warrants and affidavits,
22 surveillance videos, photographs, body wire audio recordings, and the recorded statement of the
23 defendant. All of this discovery has been either produced directly to counsel and/or made
24 available for inspection and copying. Additionally, supplemental discovery was also provided.

25 b) Counsel for defendant desires additional time to review discovery, conduct
26 investigation and research related to the charges, conduct research into any mitigating factors,
27 consult with his client, discuss a potential plea with the government, and to otherwise prepare for
28 trial.

1 c) Counsel for defendant believes that failure to grant the above-requested
2 continuance would deny him the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking into
3 account the exercise of due diligence.

4 d) The government does not object to the continuance.

5 e) Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the
6 case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the
7 original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act.

8 f) For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161,
9 et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of November 16, 2022 to March 1,
10 2023, at 1:00 p.m., inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv)
11 [Local Code T4] because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendant's
12 request on the basis of the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action
13 outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.

14 4. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the
15 Speedy Trial Act dictate that additional time periods are excludable from the period within which a trial
16 must commence.

17 IT IS SO STIPULATED.

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19 Dated: November 8, 2022

PHILLIP A. TALBERT
United States Attorney

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21 _____
22 /s/ ANTONIO J. PATACA
23 ANTONIO J. PATACA
24 Assistant United States Attorney

25 Dated: November 8, 2022

26 _____
27 /s/ ROBERT LAMANUZZI
28 ROBERT LAMANUZZI
Counsel for Defendant
SOFIA CISNEROS-NOYOLA

ORDER

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: 11/9/2022

Sheila K. Oberto
THE HONORABLE SHEILA K. OBERTO
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE